New Mexico

Overall Ranking: Bottom Tier

**New Mexico Research Facility Protection Law**

New Mexico does not have a specific law designed to protect research facilities.

**New Mexico Animal Cruelty Law**


I. The provisions of this section do not apply to:

...  

(2) the practice of veterinary medicine, as provided in Chapter 61, Article 14 NMSA 1978;
(6) research facilities licensed pursuant to the provisions of 7 U.S.C. Section 2136, except when knowingly operating outside provisions, governing the treatment of animals, of a research or maintenance protocol approved by the institutional animal care and use committee of the facility; or

(7) other similar activities not otherwise prohibited by law.

New Mexico Inspection of Public Records Act


A. Every person has a right to inspect public records of this state except:

... (6) trade secrets, attorney-client privileged information and long-range or strategic business plans of public hospitals discussed in a properly closed meeting; ...


Each public body shall designate at least one custodian of public records who shall:

A. receive and respond to requests to inspect public records;

B. provide proper and reasonable opportunities to inspect public records;

C. provide reasonable facilities to make or furnish copies of the public records during usual business hours; and

D. post in a conspicuous location at the administrative office of each public body a notice describing:

(1) the right of a person to inspect a public body's records;

(2) procedures for requesting inspection of public records;

(3) procedures for requesting copies of public records;

(4) reasonable fees for copying public records; and

(5) the responsibility of a public body to make available public records for inspection.
### New Mexico Harassment Law


Chapter 30, Article 3A NMSA 1978 may be cited as the “Harassment and Stalking Act”.


A. Harassment consists of knowingly pursuing a pattern of conduct that is intended to annoy, seriously alarm or terrorize another person and that serves no lawful purpose. The conduct must be such that it would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress.

B. Whoever commits harassment is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Notice: These statutes are provided only for reference purposes and are current through the 2010 legislative session. Every effort has been made to ensure their accuracy, however they will not contain information that has been inserted after their preparation. The National Association for Biomedical Research makes no warranty, express or implied, of the accuracy of these statutes. To be certain of the current version of the statutes and regulations, please refer to the official printed version of the statutes and regulations.